Revised 19 April 2018 - Following the completion of a data quality assessment of delayed discharge data with NHS Lothian, ISD have revised figures for the period Sep 2017 to Jan 2018. NHS Lothian identified that a change in their computer system had introduced an error in reporting some records for the months Sep 2017 to Jan 2018. This has resulted in an average increase for NHS Lothian of 1,123 delayed bed days and 24 census delays per month over this period. Figures for Feb 2018 remain unaffected. Census tables (Tabs 1-6) and bed day tables (Tabs 1-2) have been revised.

About this release

Every month, Information Services Division (ISD) publishes details of the number of hospital bed days associated with delayed discharges for a full calendar month. Information is also provided on the number of people experiencing a delay in discharge from hospital at the monthly census point. The data relate to people aged 18 and over.

Main Points

- In February 2018, 38,394 days were spent in hospital by people whose discharge was delayed. This is a decrease of 5% compared with 40,246 days in February 2017.
- The average number of beds occupied per day in February 2018 was 1,371. In January, the daily average was 1,295.

Delayed Discharge bed use in Scotland; February 2017 – February 2018 – Revised
At the February 2018 census point, there were 1,297 people delayed. This is a decrease of 10% compared with 1,439 people delayed at the census point in February 2017.

Of those delayed at the February 2018 census point, 1,077 were delayed more than three days. The most common reason for delays over three days was health and social care reasons (798), followed by complex needs (253), then patient and family-related reasons (26).

Background

Timely discharge from hospital is an important indicator of quality and is a marker for person-centred, effective, integrated and harm free care. A delayed discharge is a hospital patient who is clinically ready for discharge from inpatient hospital care but continues to occupy a hospital bed beyond the ready for discharge date.

The average daily number of beds occupied is calculated by dividing the total monthly number of delayed discharge bed days by the number of days in the calendar month. ISD considers this daily average a better statistic for comparing month on month differences as the number of days in a month varies.

Revised data definitions and national data requirements came into effect on 1 July 2016. These align census information and associated bed days and ensure more robust and consistent reporting across Scotland. The census figure reflects the position as at the last Thursday of the month.

Reports published using data prior to July 2016 cannot be used in direct comparison to figures published in this report.

It should be noted that figures presented in this publication are not directly comparable with other UK countries, due to differences in definitions and data reporting.

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Further Information

The data from this publication is available to download from our web page along with a background information and glossary, and revised metadata document.

For more information on delayed discharges see the delayed discharge section of our website. For related topics, please see the health and social community care pages.

The next release of this publication will be 1 May 2018.

NHS Performs

A selection of information from this publication is included in NHS Performs. NHS Performs is a website that brings together a range of information on how hospitals and NHS Boards within NHSScotland are performing.

ISD and Official Statistics

Information Services Division (ISD) is the principal and authoritative source of statistics on health and care services in Scotland. ISD is designated by legislation as a producer of 'Official Statistics'. Our official statistics publications are produced to a high professional standard and comply with the Code of Practice for Official Statistics. Further information about our statistics.