Publication Report

Accident and Emergency Waiting Times

Quarter ending 31 March 2011
Publication date – 31 May 2011

A National Statistics Publication for Scotland
About ISD
Scotland has some of the best health service data in the world combining high quality, consistency, national coverage and the ability to link data to allow patient based analysis and follow up.

Information Services Division (ISD) is a business operating unit of NHS National Services Scotland and has been in existence for over 40 years. We are an essential support service to NHSScotland and the Scottish Government and others, responsive to the needs of NHSScotland as the delivery of health and social care evolves.

Purpose: To deliver effective national and specialist intelligence services to improve the health and wellbeing of people in Scotland.
Mission: Better Information, Better Decisions, Better Health
Vision: To be a valued partner in improving health and wellbeing in Scotland by providing a world class intelligence service.

Official Statistics
Information Services Division (ISD) is the principal and authoritative source of statistics on health and care services in Scotland. ISD is designated by legislation as a producer of ‘Official Statistics’. Our official statistics publications are produced to a high professional standard and comply with the Code of Practice for Official Statistics. The Code of Practice is produced and monitored by the UK Statistics Authority which is independent of Government. Under the Code of Practice, the format, content and timing of statistics publications are the responsibility of professional staff working within ISD.

ISD’s statistical publications are currently classified as one of the following:

- National Statistics (ie assessed by the UK Statistics Authority as complying with the Code of Practice)
- National Statistics (ie legacy, still to be assessed by the UK Statistics Authority)
- Official Statistics (ie still to be assessed by the UK Statistics Authority)
- other (not Official Statistics)

Further information on ISD’s statistics, including compliance with the Code of Practice for Official Statistics, and on the UK Statistics Authority, is available on the ISD website.

The United Kingdom Statistics Authority has designated these statistics as National Statistics, in accordance with the Statistics and Registration Service Act 2007 and signifying compliance with the Code of Practice for Official Statistics. Designation can be broadly interpreted to mean that the statistics:

- meet identified user needs;
- are well explained and readily accessible;
- are produced according to sound methods, and
- are managed impartially and objectively in the public interest.

Once statistics have been designated as National Statistics it is a statutory requirement that the Code of Practice shall continue to be observed.
Introduction

The national standard for Accident and Emergency (A&E) department waiting times states that at least 98% of patients should be seen and then admitted, transferred or discharged within four hours.

This standard applies to all areas of emergency care such as assessment units, minor injury units, community hospitals, health centres, anywhere where A&E type activity takes place.

The four hour standard came into place in 2007 and continues to be the measure by which the Scottish Government monitors NHS boards’ performance at A&E departments.

This release presents a monthly summary of attendance and waiting times statistics for patients attending A&E departments in Scotland up to, and including 31 March 2011.

Please note; future releases of this publication will be known as “Emergency Department Waiting Times” in line with the current change in naming convention from “Accident and Emergency Department” to the more accurate term “Emergency Department”.
Key points

- During the quarter ending 31 March 2011, the proportion of patients attending A&E departments across Scotland that were seen within 4 hours was; 93.6 % in January, 94.9 % in February and 95.6 % in March.

- During the quarter ending 31 March 2011, the number of patients attending A&E departments across Scotland was approximately; 132,900 in January, 119,000 in February and 131,100 in March.
Results and Commentary

In the 12 months to March 2011, the number of patients attending A&E departments across Scotland each month ranged from approximately 119,000 (February 2011) to 149,300 (May 2010).

The proportion of patients seen within 4 hours ranged from 93.6 % (January 2011) to 97.9% (July 2010).

Monthly figures for the latest published quarter are shown in the table below.

Table – Number of attendances at A&E departments across Scotland and proportion of those seen within 4 hours. Attendances occurring from January 2011 to March 2011.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Jan-11</th>
<th>Feb-11</th>
<th>Mar-11</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Attendances</td>
<td>132,924</td>
<td>119,036</td>
<td>131,074</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seen within 4 hours (%)</td>
<td>93.6</td>
<td>94.9</td>
<td>95.6</td>
</tr>
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</table>

The longer term monthly trend since January 2009 is illustrated in the chart below.

Chart – Number of attendances at A&E departments across Scotland and proportion of those seen within 4 hours. Attendances occurring from January 2009 to March 2011.
Comparable information broken down by NHS Board and at individual site level is available on the ISD website; Accident and Emergency Waiting Times 2010-11  [Excel 152KB]

It should be noted that Borders General Hospital (NHS Borders) have recently moved to a new patient management system. No data has been submitted for the period 26 November to 31 December 2010 and consequently the health board attendance figures for November are an undercount and December figures have been suppressed to avoid misinterpretation.

In addition, core sites in NHS Lanarkshire have recently transferred to a new patient management system during March 2011. No data has been submitted for the core sites over period between 14 to 24 March due to issues with data quality. Consequently, the number of attendances are undercounted in March 2011, this data should be interpreted with caution. It is considered that the performance figure of the data submitted to be representative of the whole month.

Previously published A&E attendances and waiting times data is available on the ISD website: Emergency Departments Waiting Times Historical Data
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Glossary</strong></th>
<th><strong>Accident &amp; Emergency (A&amp;E) department</strong></th>
<th>a hospital department which provides a service primarily for the reception, assessment, examination and treatment of patients who have been involved in an accident, or have sustained an injury or who have an acute surgical or medical emergency which may require hospital facilities.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Emergency Department (ED)</strong></td>
<td>synonym of A&amp;E department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Core site</strong></td>
<td>a larger hospital containing an A&amp;E department</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Non-core site</strong></td>
<td>a smaller community hospital or minor injuries unit where A&amp;E type activity occurs</td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Attendance</strong></td>
<td>the presence of a patient in an A&amp;E department seeking unplanned medical attention</td>
</tr>
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<td></td>
<td><strong>Four hour performance</strong></td>
<td>the proportion of all attendances in a calendar month which are seen within 4 hours of arrival</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Patients Seen</strong></td>
<td>patients who are assessed by a clinician then either admitted to hospital, discharged or transferred to another hospital</td>
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</table>
List of Tables

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Table No.</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Time period</th>
<th>File &amp; size</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Excel</td>
<td>Accident and Emergency Waiting Times 2010-11</td>
<td>Apr 10 to Mar 11</td>
<td>Excel [152KB]</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

In order to view this file, your macro security settings will need to be set to medium. To change macro security settings, in Excel use Tools, Macro, Security - set security level to Medium and re-open the report.
Contact
Gary King
Senior Information Analyst
nss.isdaewaiting@nhs.net
0141 282 2024

Richard Hunter
Principal Information Analyst
nss.isdaewaiting@nhs.net
0131 275 6957

Further Information
Further information on Emergency Department Waiting Times can be found on the Emergency Departments Waiting Times pages of the ISD website.

Further details on ISD publications and available information can be found on the ISD website
Appendix

A1 – Background Information

Data on Accident and Emergency (A&E) department attendances across Scotland is collected and maintained by ISD in the national data warehouse known as the A&E data mart. Data is collected on local systems, then extracted and submitted to the data mart soon after the end of each month. All sites that provide emergency care are required to submit data to the A&E data mart.

There are two types of data submitted to the A&E data mart; episode and aggregate level data. Larger hospitals with an A&E department generally submit episode level data containing a detailed record for each patient attendance. Smaller sites such as community hospitals or minor injury units generally only submit aggregate level data. These smaller sites only submit total monthly attendance figures as they do not have the technical systems and support to enable collection of detailed patient based information.

A&E attendances are also collected as part of the ISD(S)1 data submission, which provides aggregate numbers of attendances going back to 2001, and can be found on the Acute Hospital Activity pages of the ISD website.
A2 – Publication Metadata (including revisions details)

<table>
<thead>
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<th>Metadata Indicator</th>
<th>Description</th>
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<tr>
<td>Publication title</td>
<td>Accident and Emergency Waiting Times</td>
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<tr>
<td>Description</td>
<td>Monthly summary of numbers of attendances at accident and emergency departments and proportion of those waiting less than 4 hours</td>
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<tr>
<td>Theme</td>
<td>Health and Social Care</td>
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<td>Topic</td>
<td>Access and Waiting Times</td>
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<tr>
<td>Format</td>
<td>Excel workbooks and PDF</td>
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<tr>
<td>Data source(s)</td>
<td>A&amp;E datamart</td>
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<td>Date that data is acquired</td>
<td>11 May 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Release date</td>
<td>The last Tuesday of the month for each publication</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Frequency</td>
<td>Quarterly</td>
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<td>Timeframe of data and timeliness</td>
<td>From 1 January 2010 to 31 March 2011</td>
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| Continuity of data | (1) NHS Borders - Borders General Hospital have recently moved to a new patient management system. Data has not yet been submitted for 25 November 2010 to 31 December 2010. Board level figures for December have been suppressed to avoid misinterpretation. 
(2) NHS Lanarkshire - The health board transferred to a new patient management system during March 2011. No data has been submitted for the core sites over period between 14 to 24 March due to issues with data quality. Consequently, the number of attendances are undercounted in March 2011, please interpret with caution. We consider that the performance figures of the data submitted to be representative of the whole month. 
(3) NHS Grampian - Fraserburgh Hospital are moving to a new patient management system. They have been unable to submit data for the months of Nov-10 to Mar-11. They are currently working to resolve this and will submit the missing data in the near future. |
| Concepts and definitions | Details of data items collected and validation process: [A&E Users Guide](#) 
Data item codes, descriptions and definitions: [A&E: Codes and Values](#) |
| Relevance and key uses of the statistics | Waiting times are important to patients and are a measure of how the NHS is responding to demands for services. Measuring and regular reporting of waiting times highlights where there are delays in the system and enables monitoring of the effectiveness of NHS performance throughout the country. The NHS in Scotland has been set a number of targets for maximum waiting times. 
Other uses of the data include information requests for a variety of customers, e.g. research charities; public companies; freedom of Information requests; information support to Boards; parliamentary questions. |
### Accuracy

In addition to any local data quality checks, the data submitted to the A&E data mart is subject to a validation procedure. For a list of the validation rules refer to Appendix A of the [A&E User Guide](#). As well as ensuring that data for the correct site and time period is submitted, the validation ensures that the data is in the correct format and only contains accepted codes, refer to [A&E: Codes and Values](#).

If the submission file does not meet all of the validation rules then the whole file is rejected. The resulting errors are reported back to the submitting site where they must be amended and the file resubmitted. Once the file passes validation it is loaded into the data mart where it is then available for analysis and reporting. ISD works closely with colleagues in the NHS boards to improve the validation and accuracy of the data and to ensure that the appropriate data standards are understood and applied by all sites.

Each month a suite of performance and monitoring reports are produced and sent to the SG. These are reviewed and any unusual or unexpected figures are raised with the NHS board for confirmation. Before the 4 hour waiting times data is published each quarter, the figures are sent back to the NHS boards to confirm their accuracy. If changes are required then they must be explained fully by the NHS board and the data is resubmitted. A log is kept noting any changes that are necessary.

### Completeness

Following on from the [Audit Scotland Review of Emergency Departments](#) in 2010 a programme of work has begun in order to develop training for NHS Board staff on the completion and understanding of A&E data items, particularly those used for national reporting purposes. In addition to this, ongoing monitoring of the quality of data has begun; this covers the completeness, timeliness and accuracy of data recorded. Biannual meetings with data providers are being established to discuss all aspects of A&E data including data quality.

### Accessibility

It is the policy of ISD Scotland to make its web sites and products accessible according to published guidelines. See attached link for further details: [http://www.isdscotland.org/About-ISD/Accessibility/](http://www.isdscotland.org/About-ISD/Accessibility/)

### Value type and unit of measure

- Count of total attendances.
- Count of attendances seen within 4 hours.
- Proportion of attendances seen within 4 hours.

### Disclosure


<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Official Statistics designation</th>
<th>National Statistics</th>
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<tr>
<td>UK Statistics Authority Assessment</td>
<td>Assessed by UK Statistics Authority as part of the <a href="#">Statistics on NHS Waiting Times in Scotland report</a>.</td>
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<table>
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<th>Last published</th>
<th>22 February 2011</th>
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<tr>
<td>Next published</td>
<td>30 August 2011</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date of first publication</td>
<td>Data available from 1 July 2007 (with data from main A&amp;E Departments back to 1 March 2006)</td>
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<td>Help email</td>
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A3 – Early Access details (including Pre-Release Access)

Pre-Release Access
Under terms of the "Pre-Release Access to Official Statistics (Scotland) Order 2008", ISD are obliged to publish information on those receiving Pre-Release Access ("Pre-Release Access" refers to statistics in their final form prior to publication). The standard maximum Pre-Release Access is five working days. Shown below are details of those receiving standard Pre-Release Access and, separately, those receiving extended Pre-Release Access.

Standard Pre-Release Access:
Scottish Government Health Department
NHS Board Chief Executives
NHS Board Communication leads

Extended Pre-Release Access
Extended Pre-Release Access of 8 working days is given to a small number of named individuals in the Scottish Government Health Department (Analytical Services Division). This Pre-Release Access is for the sole purpose of enabling that department to gain an understanding of the statistics prior to briefing others in Scottish Government (during the period of standard Pre-Release Access).

Scottish Government Health Department (Analytical Services Division)

These statistics will also have been made available to those who needed access to ‘management information’, ie as part of the delivery of health and care: